

Legal Update

Micah Schwartz October 2024



Today's Presentation

- >1. Title IX rules status
- >2. Transgender sports rules change on the horizon?
- >3. New Virginia statutes
- >4. Superintendents' indemnification terms recent case impacts

Title IX Status

- > In April 2024, the U.S. Department of Education issued revised Title IX regulations
- > Scheduled to go into effect on August 1, 2024
- > Changed the rules for schools dealing with sex discrimination and harassment complaints



Key Terms

- 1. No more hearing requirement (back to "discipline as usual")
- 2. Return of the single investigator and decision-maker model (no appeals required)
- 3. Everyone needs training
- 4. Requires investigation, adjudication, and remediation of sex orientation and gender identity complaints

- > 26 states, including Virginia, sued DOE to stop enforcement of new Title IX regulations
- > Primary argument: DOE has overstepped its bounds
 - Regulations based on prohibition of discrimination "on the basis of sex" in 1972 Education Amendments Act
 - Congress did not intend for "sex" to mean "gender identity"

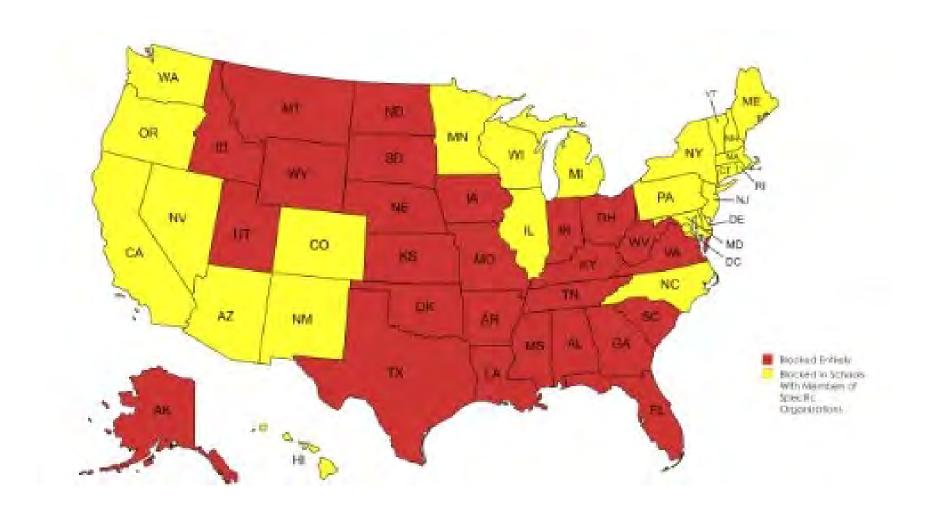


- > June 2024: U.S. District Judge Danny Reeves in Kentucky stops enforcement of Title IX in seven states, including Virginia
 - "The new rule contravenes the plain text of Title IX by redefining 'sex' to include gender identity"
 - "There are two sexes: male and female.... The defendants made this concession during oral arguments on the plaintiffs' motion for injunctive relief. The parties have agreed to little else."



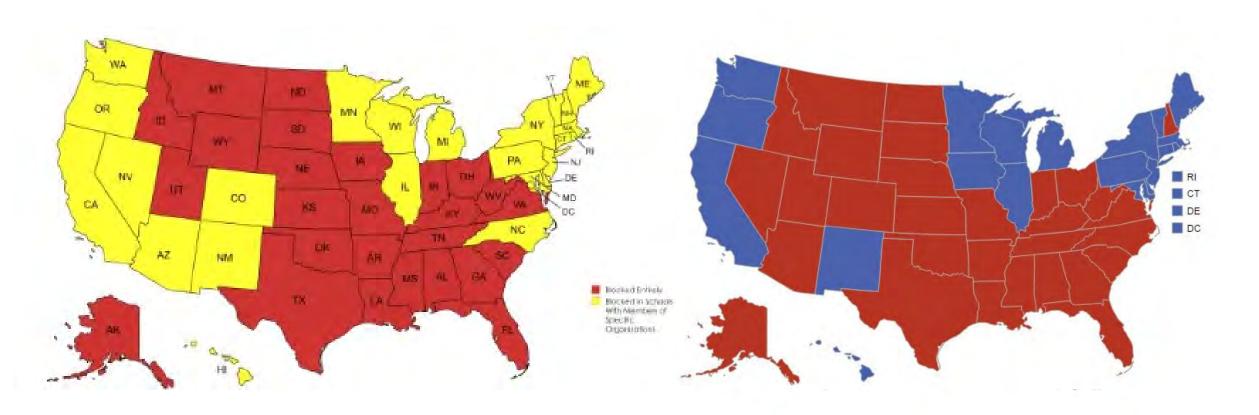
- > Judge Reeves order doesn't cancel Title IX regulations.
 - Just prevents regulations from going into effect while litigation continues.
- > Viability of law depends on final order from Judge Reeves.
 - Expected in a few months.
 - But it will probably be appealed.

- > Judges Reeves order halts enforcement in seven states
- > Other judges' orders halt enforcement in other states (26 in total)
- > DOE allowed to enforce the law in the other 24 states



2024 - Title IX Enforceability

2000 – Electoral College





What Should Your Division Do?

- > DOE cannot enforce new rules in Virginia
- > But school divisions can choose to adopt them anyway
- > Will allow for quick compliance if the rules survive legal challenge
- > But if Donald Trump wins election, these new rules will probably be jettisoned

Transgender Sports Rules

Transgender Students - Sports

- > Current state of play:
 - VHSL provides an application process for schools to make waiver requests on behalf of transgender students
 - VHSL Rule Maybe
 - VDOE Model Policies prohibit sex-based separation according to gender identity
 - State-wide Policy Never



Transgender Students - Sports

Proposed Federal Rule

- > Issued in April 2023
- > Would supersede VHSL rule and VDOE Model Polices (if in conflict)
- > Allows schools to deny transgender participation if:
 - This is necessary to further an important educational objective (e.g., safety, competitiveness)
 - School limits harm to those denied
- > So: Proposed Federal Rule Maybe





Transgender Students - Sports

Proposed Federal Rule

> Biden administration purposely stalled implementation before run up to election

Signaled that it would be part of a second Biden term, but no longer part of the first term

> Will it also be part of a Harris first term?



New Virginia Statutes

Procurement - In-State Preference

- > In the case of procurement of goods by manufacturers:
 - If the lowest bidder is not a resident of Virginia and the bid of any Virginia resident is within 10% of such bid, the Virginia bidder shall be granted the option to match the price of the lowest bidder.
 - If the lowest bidder is not a Virginia resident and the low bidder's state allows a resident a percentage preference *greater* than 10%, then the Virginia resident will get this percentage preference.



Procurement – In-State Preference

- > Law is designed to boost Virginia manufacturers
- > But could it raise the price of contracts for school divisions?
- > Inter-state tariffs?
- > Rule expires in July 2027



- > Former Loudoun Superintendent indicted for alleged criminal retaliation in 2022
- > Case is on-going
- > Superintendent's lawyer sued school board in April 2024, in the middle of the case, because board refused to pay superintendent's legal fees
- > School board argues it doesn't have to pay fees that arise after it terminated superintendent





- > This case is largely a dispute about the meaning of the contract between the school board and the law firm in which the school board agreed to pay fees
- > But it also presents interesting questions about the indemnification term in superintendents' contracts

> Standard language:

"The Board hereby indemnifies...the Superintendent...from any and all demands, claims, damages, suits, actions, and legal proceedings brought against the Superintendent...

- for any incident or activity arising out of and within the scope of her duties as Superintendent...
- undertaken in good faith, in accordance with the law, and within the scope of her official authority."

- > Translation the Board will pay your legal fees if you are sued because of your work as superintendent (and will pay for damages if you lose the lawsuit)
 - Applies even if lawsuit arrives after your term ends
 - Does not apply if you acted in bath faith or broke the law



- > Carve out for intentional breaking of the law is sensible
- > But what if you don't know if you are breaking the law?
 - What if the law is unclear?
 - Examples: masking rules, Title IX, IEPs



- > Options for mitigating this issue
 - More fully define "in accordance with the law" in contract
 - Consult with Board counsel when making decisions in areas with ambiguous rules
 - Secure Board approval in similar circumstances



Questions & Answers

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